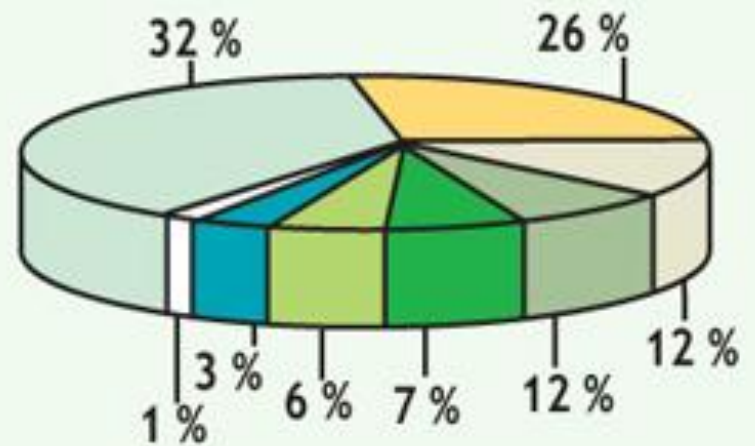
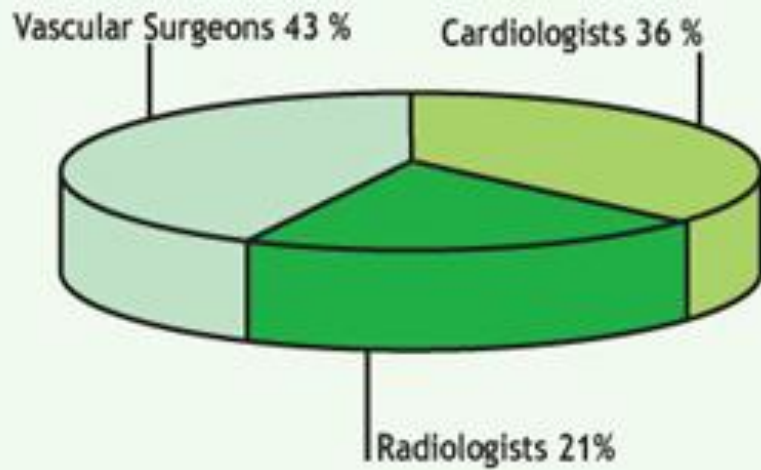


**MEECC 2**

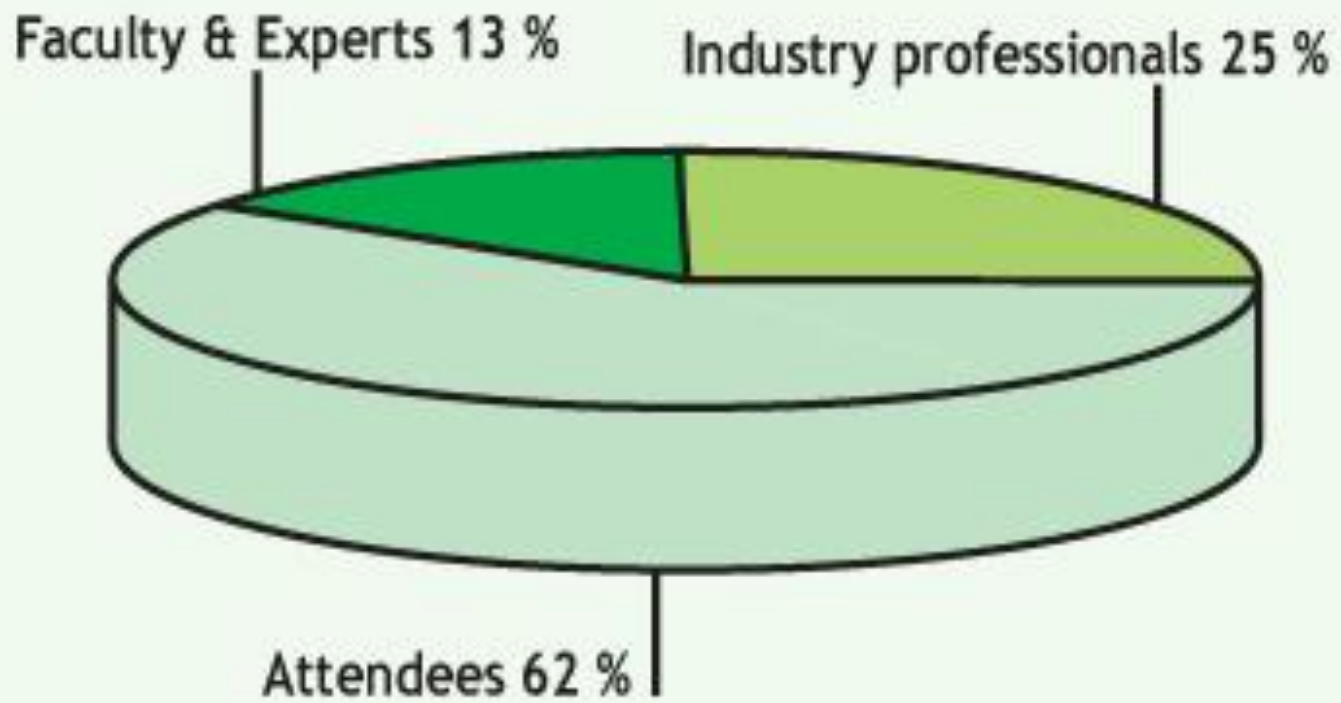
**2006**

# Global attendance MEECC 2006 : 244

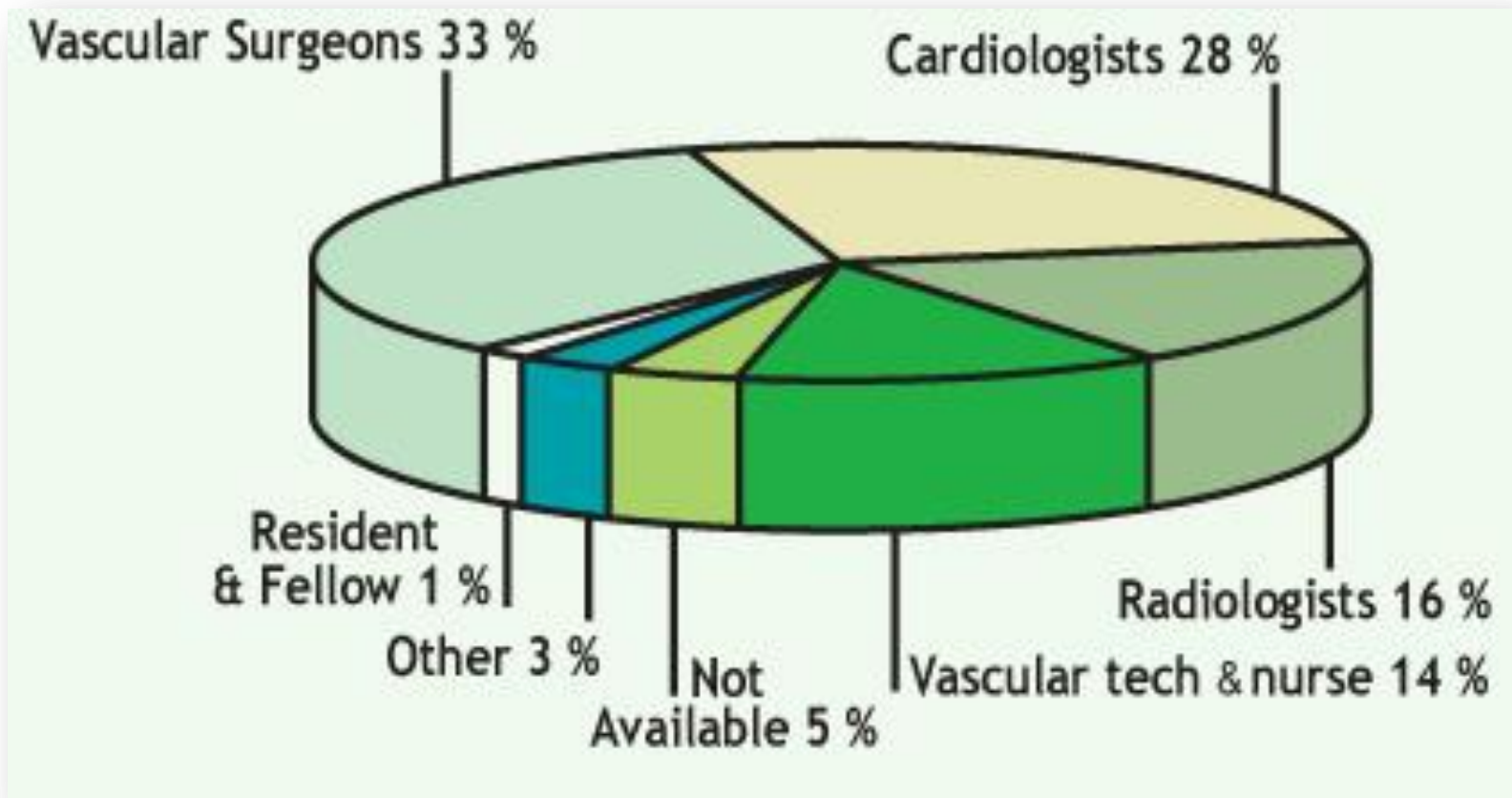


- France
- Italy
- Benelux & Switzerland
- Germany & Denmark
- United Kingdom & Ireland
- Eastern Europe
- Portugal & Greece
- Norway & Sweden

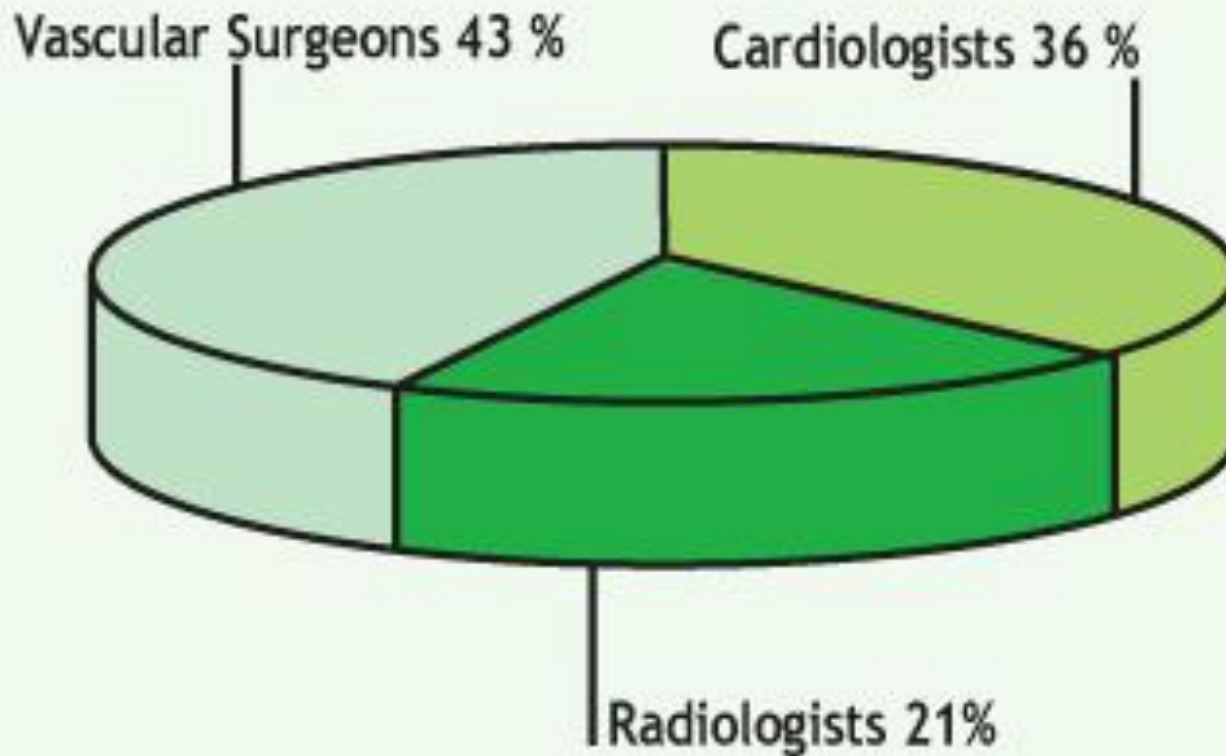
## Description of the audience



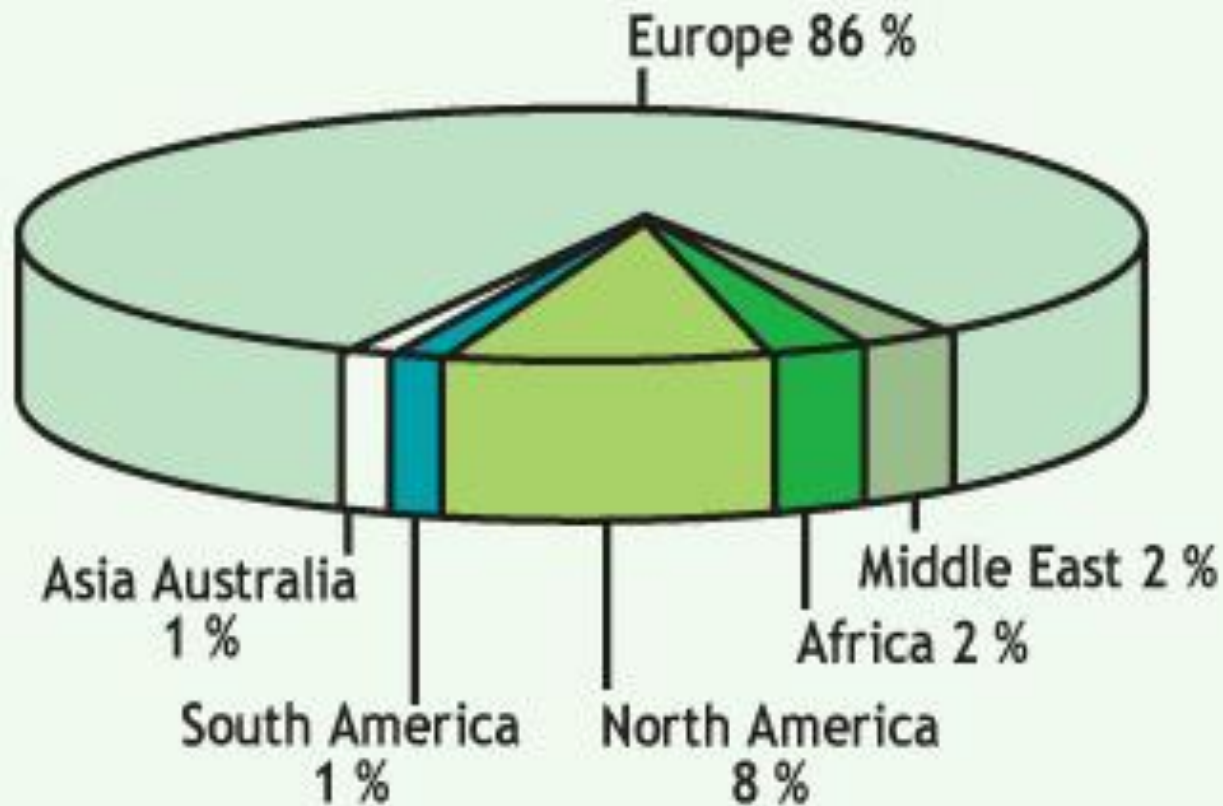
Non-industrial participants were mainly interventional cardio-radiologists (44%) and surgeons (33%). 14% were vascular technicians and nurses.



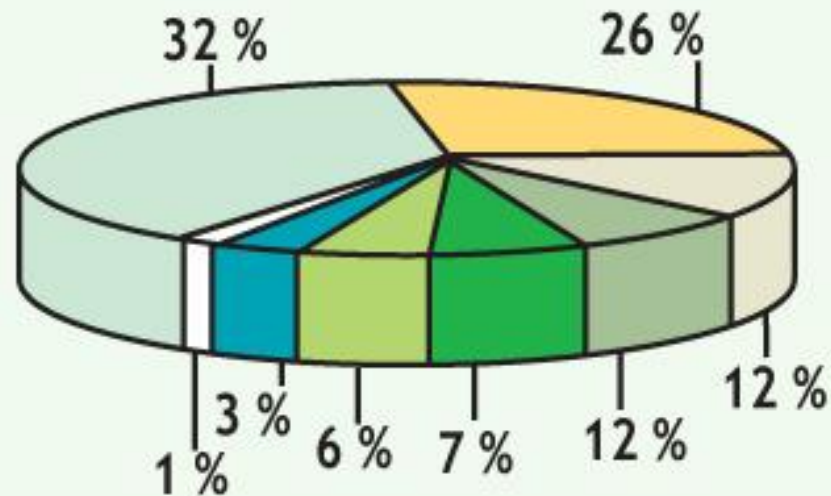
Vascular specialists only :



The geographical origin of MEECC registrants was mainly Europe (86%). Middle East and Africa represented 4% of the MEECC delegates. North and South Americans were 9%.

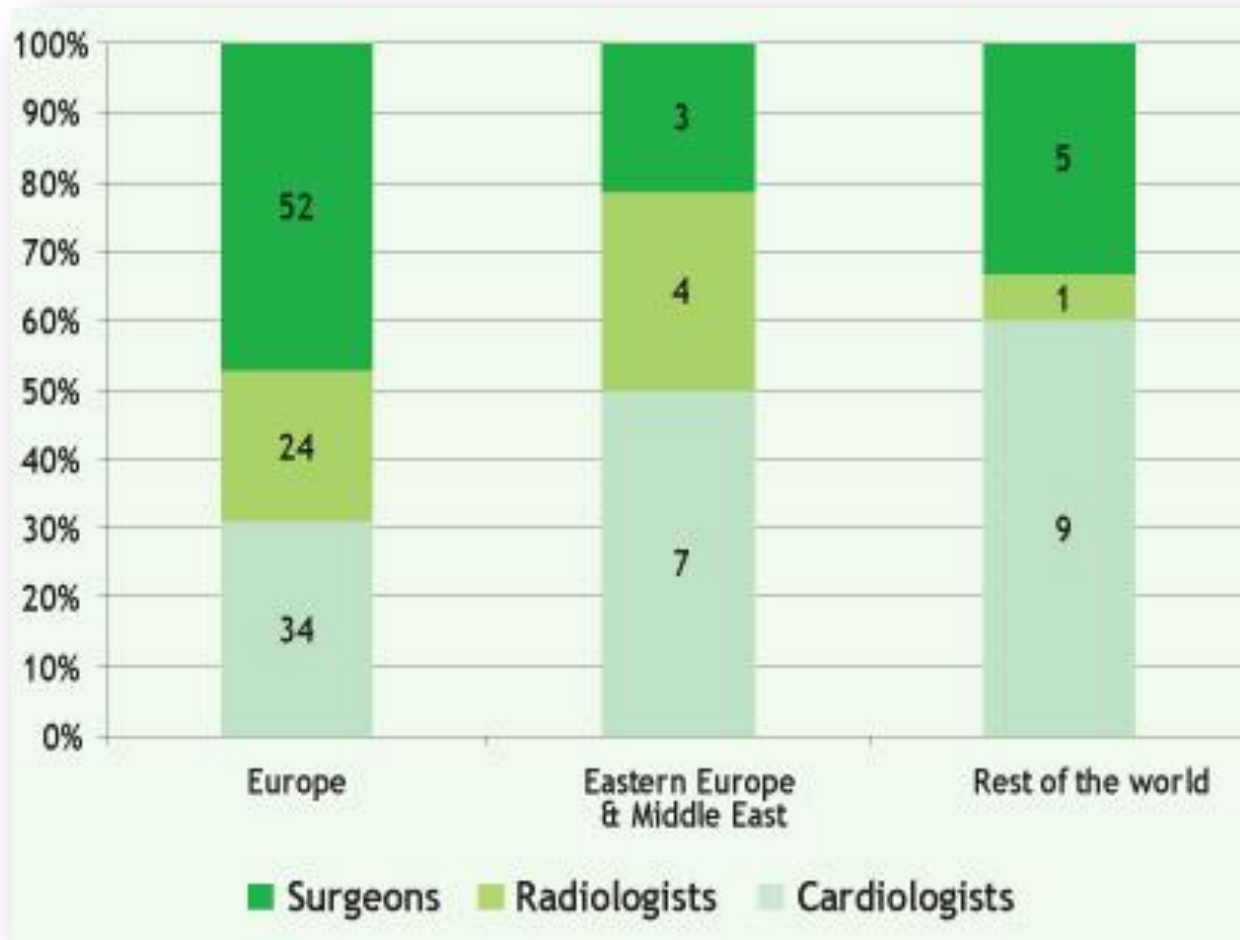


As observed amongst the MEET audience, its carotid course counts for a real European meeting with France, Italy, Germany & Denmark, and Benelux & Switzerland as the main 4 geographical areas (82% of European participants).



- France
- Italy
- Benelux & Switzerland
- Germany & Denmark
- United Kingdom & Ireland
- Eastern Europe
- Portugal & Greece
- Norway & Sweden

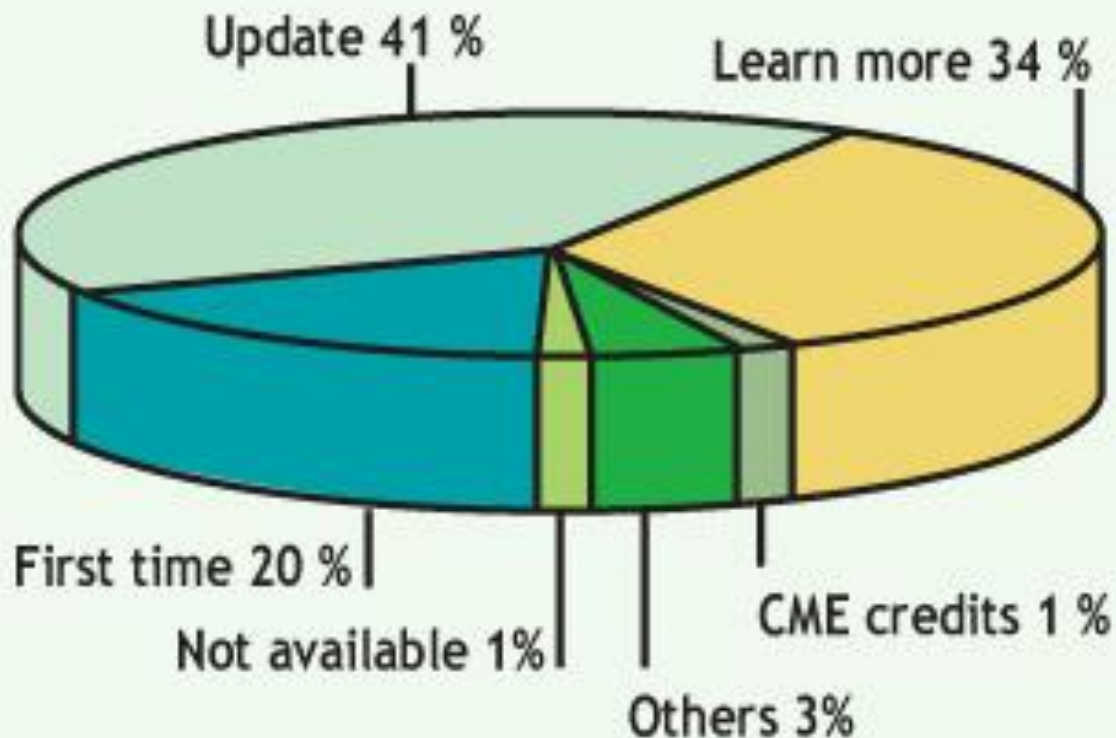
As described above, the MEET carotid course attracted more non surgical physicians (cardiologists and radiologists), but the breakdown of specialties by geographical areas interestingly shows that delegates from Eastern Europe & Middle East are almost 80% non surgeons. On the contrary, European delegates are surgeons and interventionists in equal proportions.





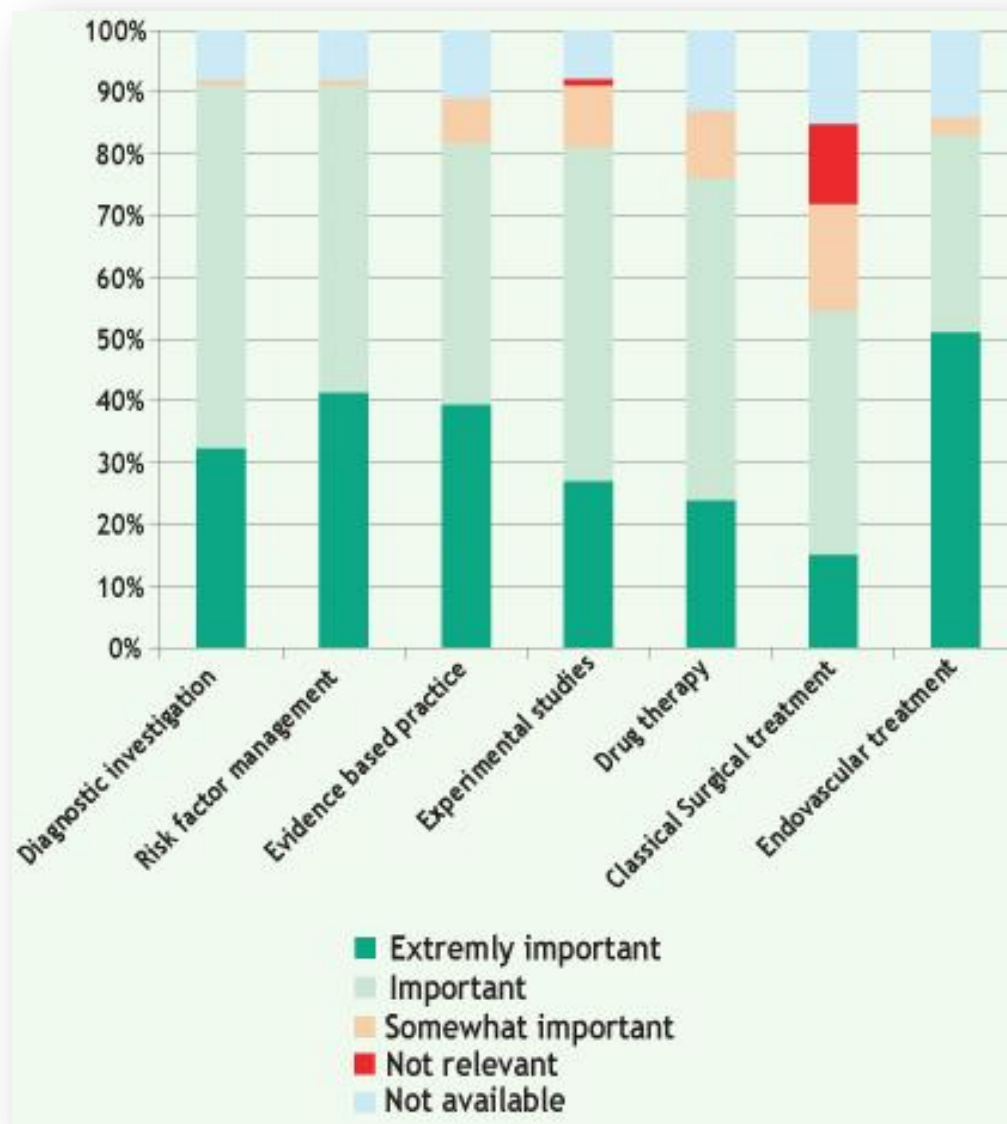
Of the 181 non-industrial registrants to the MEET carotid course, we collected 71 EVCME forms. The major reason to attend this course was to update endovascular knowledge (75%), as observed with the MEET audience. It is worth pointing out that 20% of the MEET Carotid Course attendees were beginners (13% in the MEET audience).

### Primary reason for attending the MEECC 2006



The MEECC audience declared diagnostics and the management of risk factors as at least "Important" in their daily practice in 90%. The endovascular treatment, evidence based practice and experimental studies came in second position (83%, 81% and 81%).

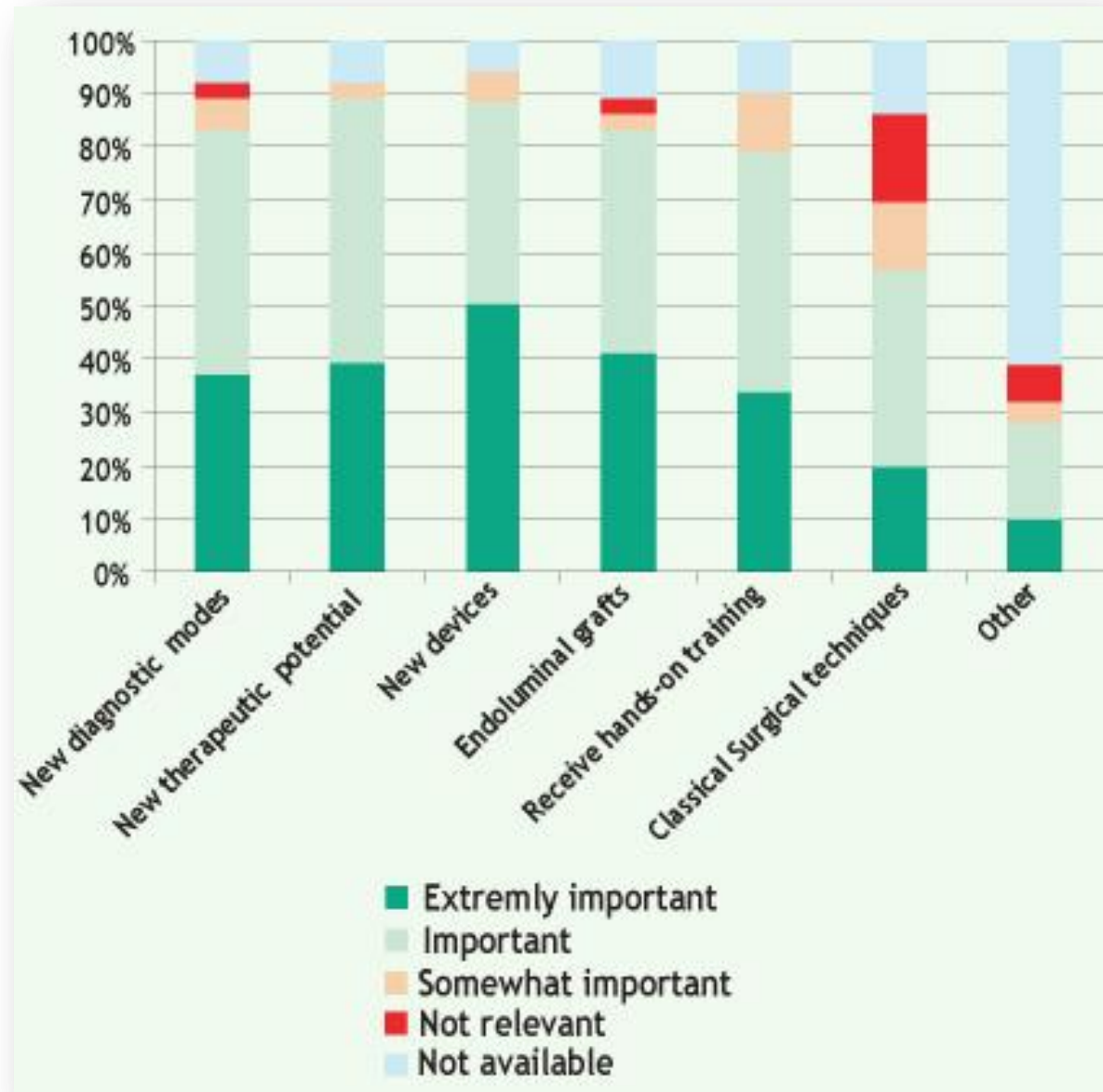
## Relevance in the daily practice



## Relevance of educational needs :

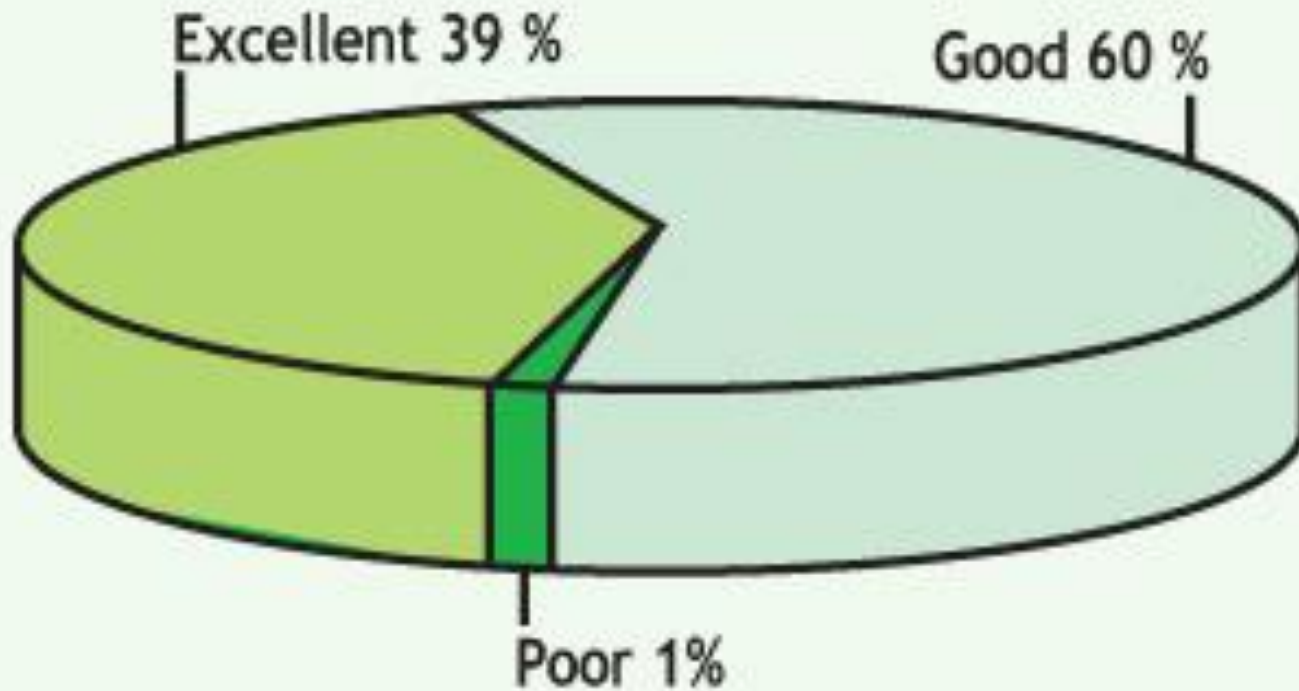
Therefore the educational needs were ranked as follows, from the item most frequently rated at least as "Important" to the one less frequently rated at least as "Important".

- 1. New devices 89%**
- 2. New therapeutic potentials 88%**
- 3. New diagnostic modes & Endoluminal grafts 83%**
- 4. Hands-on trainings 79%**
- 5. Conventional surgery 57%**

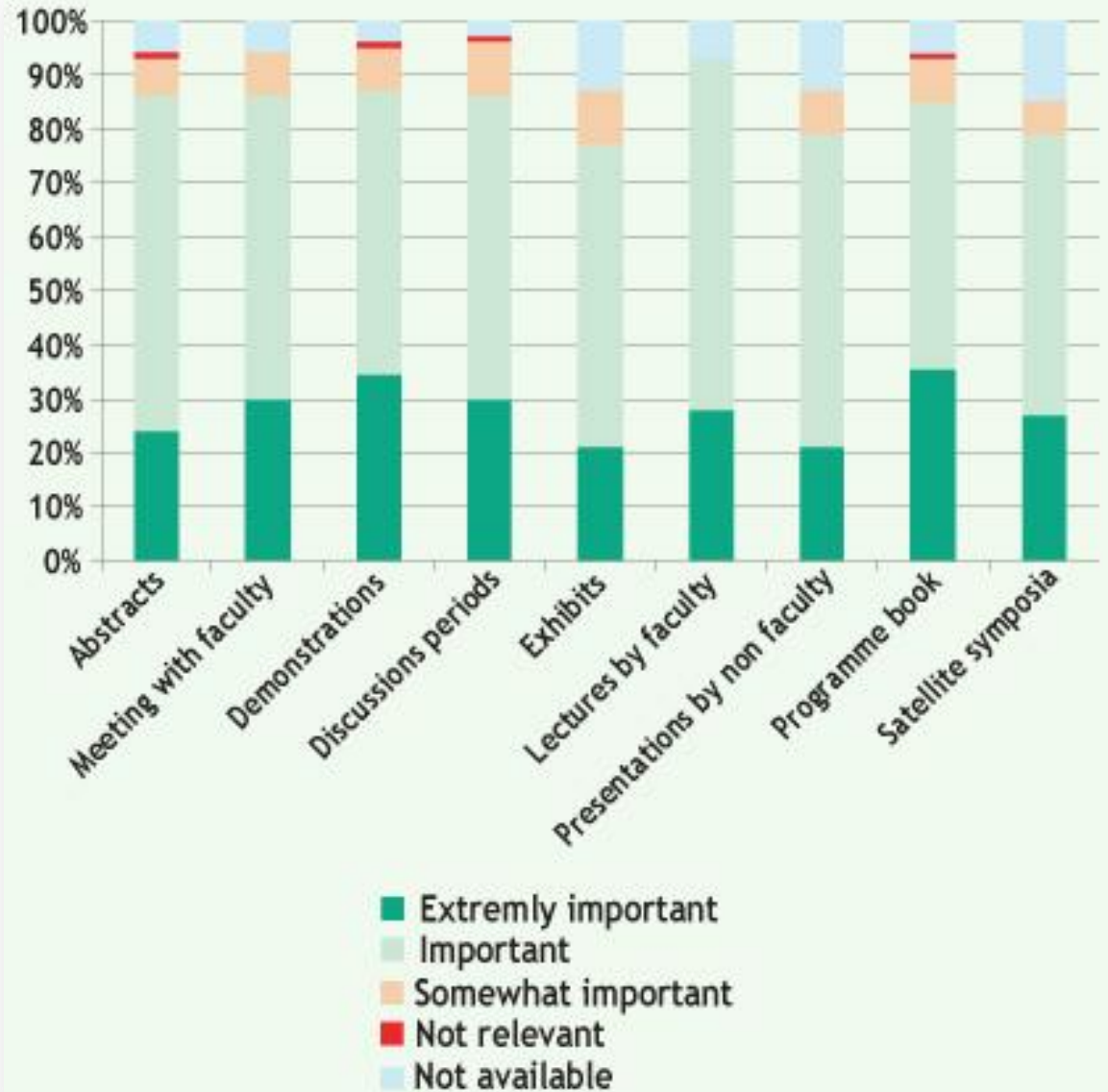


The MEET Carotid Course was rated at least "Good" in fulfilling these educational needs for 99% of its attendees.

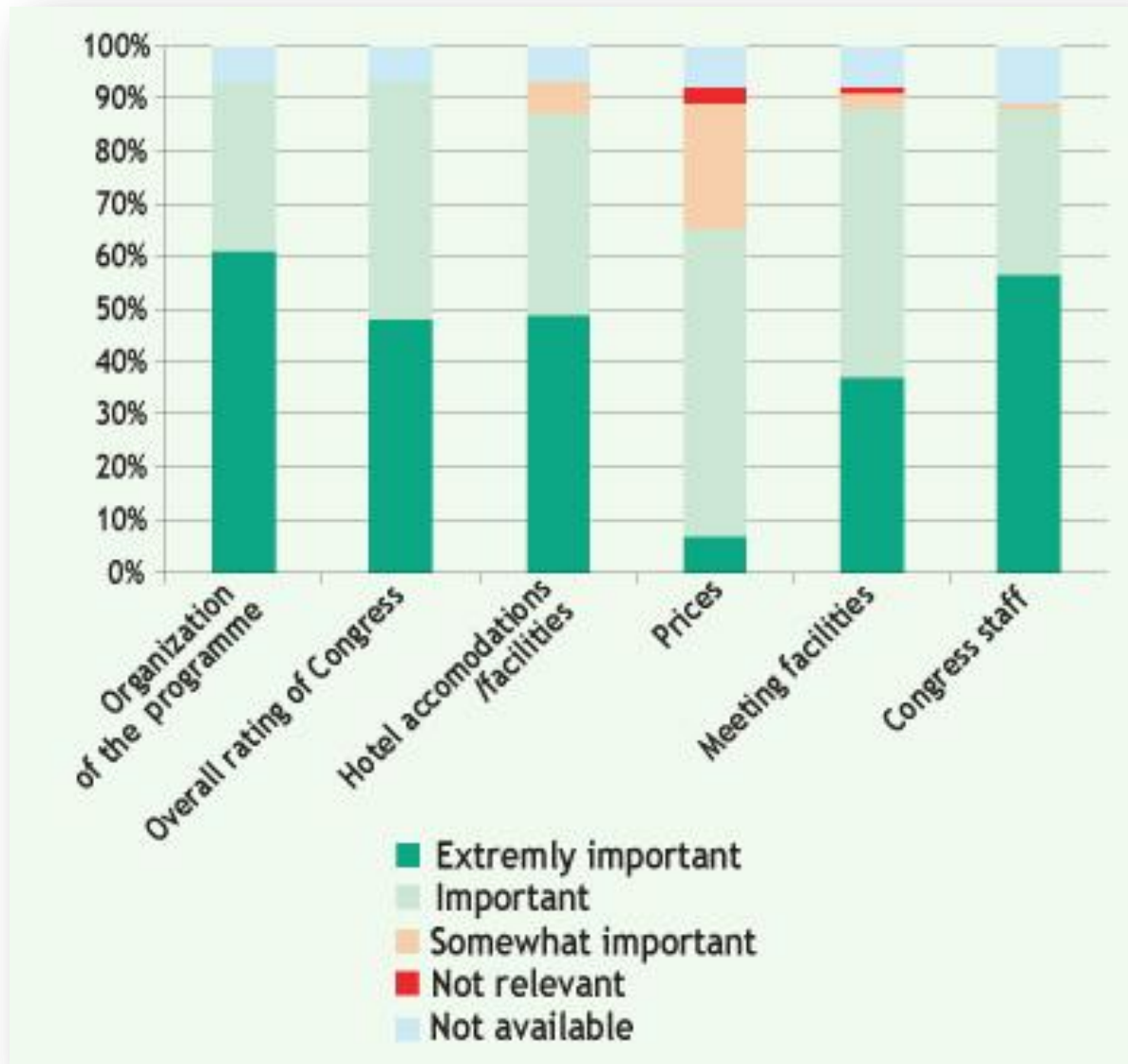
### Efficacy to reach educational goals



In details, the MEET Book and the demonstrations were assessed as "Excellent" by 35% and 34% respectively, and as at least "Good" by 84% and 87% respectively. Lectures by and meeting with Faculty Members and discussions were rated at least as "Good" by around 85% of participating physicians. Three items have gathered less enthusiasm: exhibits, welcome experts' presentations and satellite symposia.



## Overall organisation



In summary, the MEET Carotid Course appeared at least "Good" for 93% of its attendees, and its organization looked "Excellent" for 61% of them. Prices were rated "Fair" or "Poor" by 34% of them.