Intra thoracic debranching procedures from the ascending Aorta for TAAA

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Current options for TAAA repair

Surgery for TAAA

- High neurological, renal and respiratory morbidity (around 30%)
- High Mortality (around 20%)

Branched Stentgraft

- Time consumming
- High radiation exposure
- Trained physician
- Preliminary experience
- Hybrid Surgery is promising
- Hybrid Surgery is accepted for HRP

Hybrid surgery results for TAAA

Donas (EJVES 2007)

- Review of 13 studies 58 patients
- FU 14.5 M +/- 8M
- 234 visceral vessel grafts : patency = 97.8%
 - Reintervention 1.6% paraplegia = 0%
 - Endoleak 20.6% 13.6% —— reintervention
 - Overall early and long term mortality : 15.5%
 - Most Approach abdominal aorto-iliac arteries

Personnal TAA experience

- Surgical repair with partial CPB
 - 30 patients
 - morbidity & Mortality 15%

• Hybrid surgery from the abdomen

- 6 patients
- morbidity & mortality 40%
- Abandonned , back to surgery

Hybrid surgery from the ascending aorta

- 4 pts
- No death
- 1 transcient lung failure (obese patient, CPOD)

Proposal

1st step :

 Ascending aorta as implantation site of bypasses to visceral & renal arteries or/and associated supra aortic vessels (partial clamping)

2nd step :

Aneurysm exclusion with stentgraft implantation

Associated tricks :

- Aortic Banding if necessary
- «V.O.R.T.E.C.» tecnique can help for left renal artery bypass (Lachat M.)

Case 1 : type I TAAA combined rerouting to the supra aortic vessels & visceral arteries

Patient's Presentation

Woman, 65 years old, 62 kg, 169 cm, Asymptomatic, Hypertension, severe COPD

Extensive TAAA (70 mm diameter) from the arch to supra renal aorta



Suggested Option : Hybrid surgery

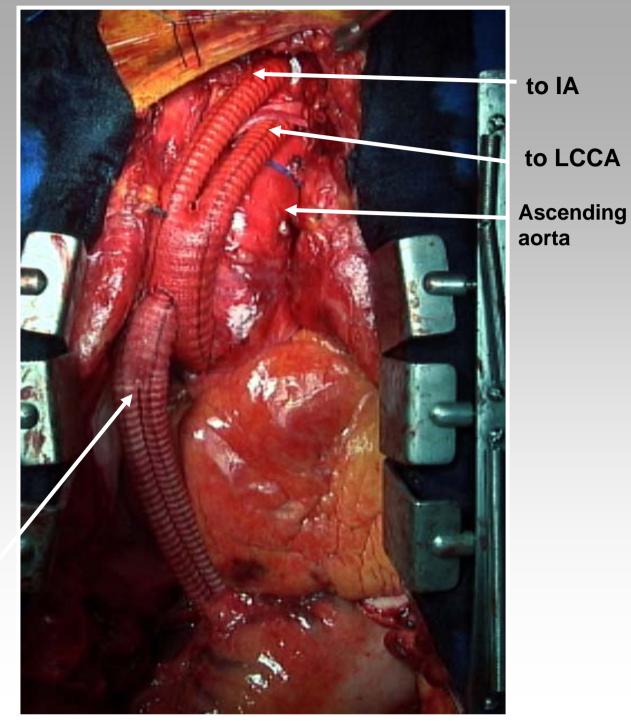
1/Great vessels transposition and visceral arteries transposition

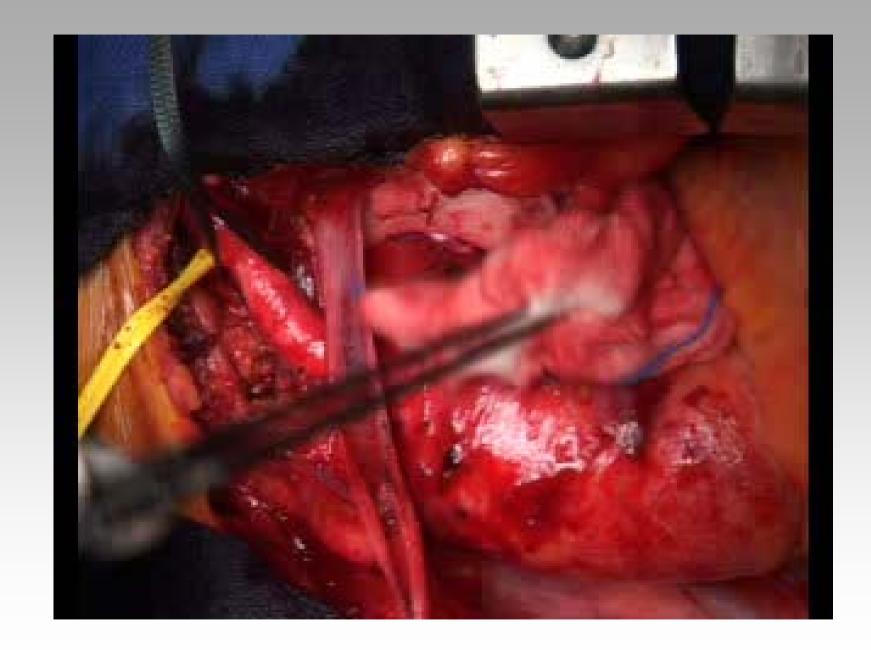
2/ Stentgraft implantation

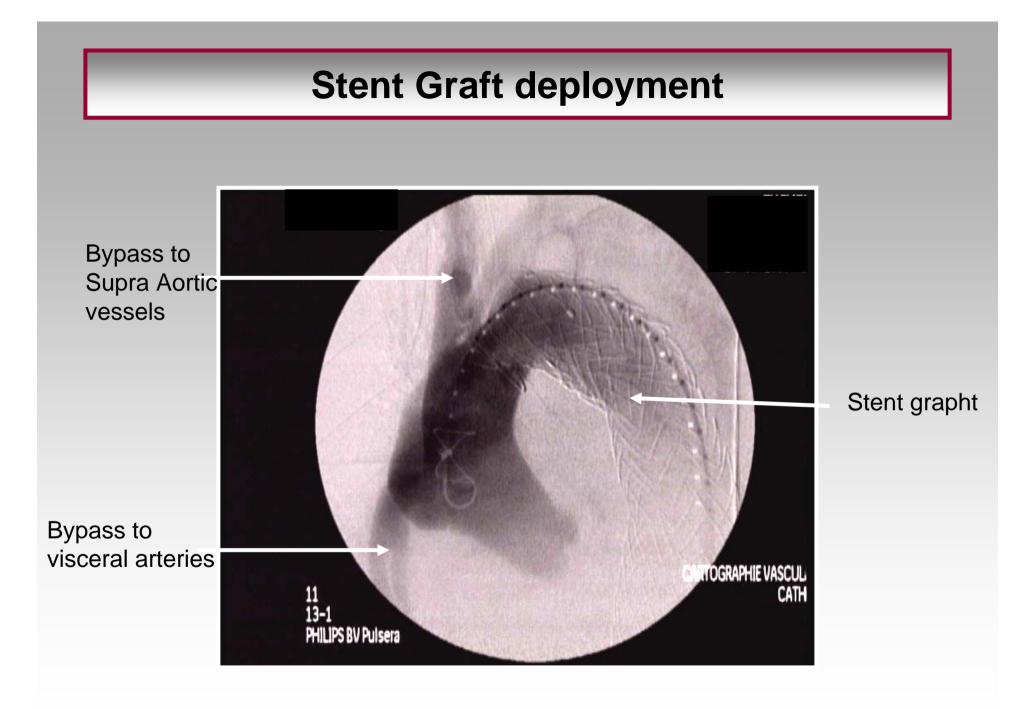
Combined bypass to : - IA - LCCA - SMA - SMA - CA + surparenal

banding

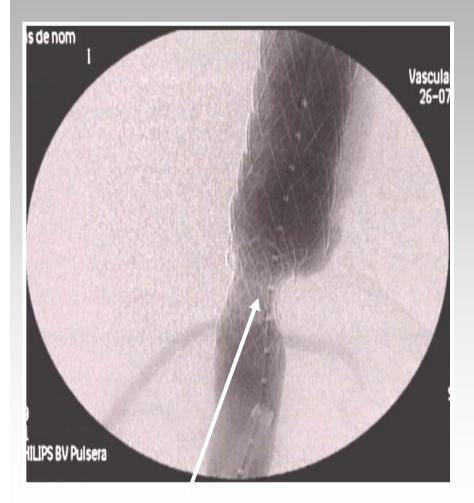
to visceral arteries : CA, SMA



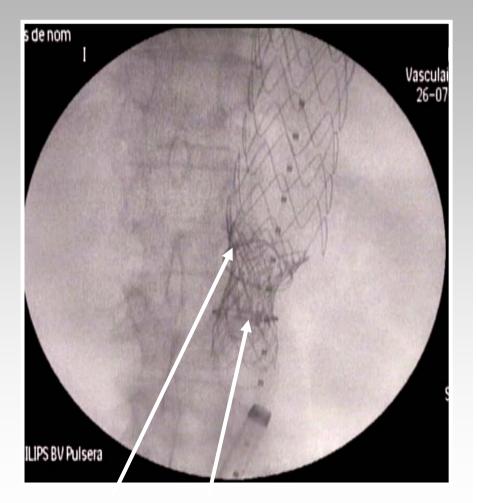




Per procedural control : supra renal banding

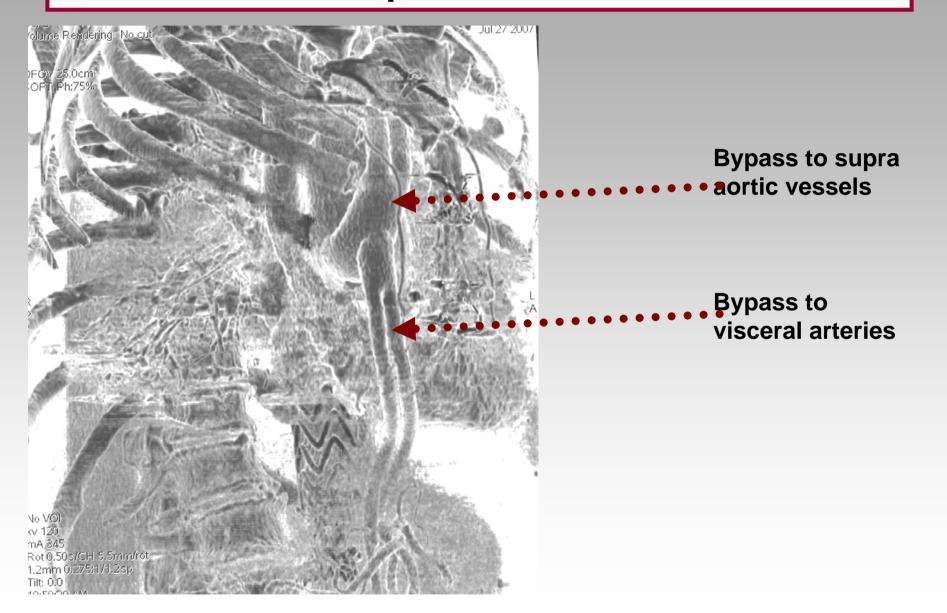


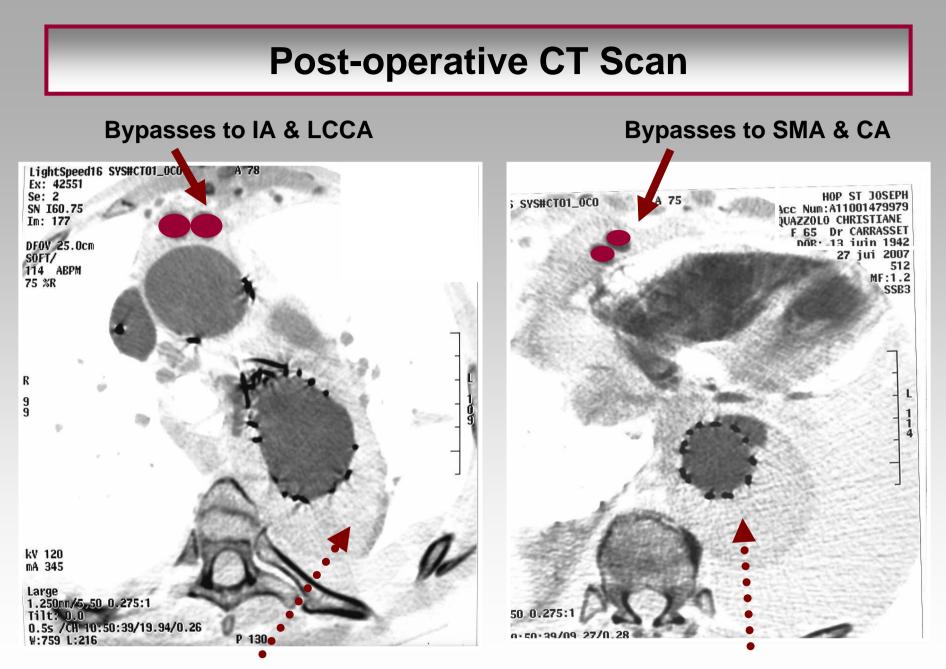
Banding landing Zone



Landing zone markers

Post-operative CT Scan





Arch Aneurysm exclusion

Descending TAA exclusion

Case 2 : TAAA type IV treated by ascending aorta bypass to visceral arteries and aneurysm stent graft exclusion

Patient's Presentation

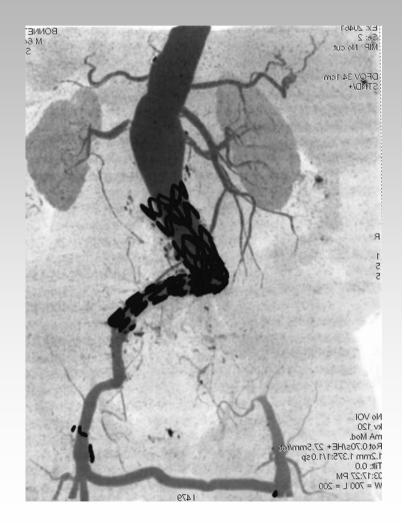
Man, 64 years old, 103 kg, 169 cm

- AAA (60 mm diameter) treated in
 2004 by AUI stentgraf & cross over
- Chronic Atrial Fibrillation
- Heavy smoker
- Overweight

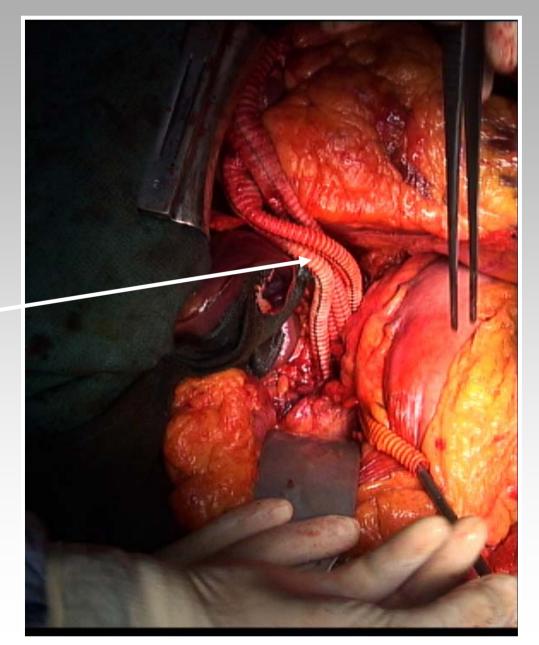
TAAA from the middle descending TA to the distal aorta

Suggested Option : Hybrid surgery

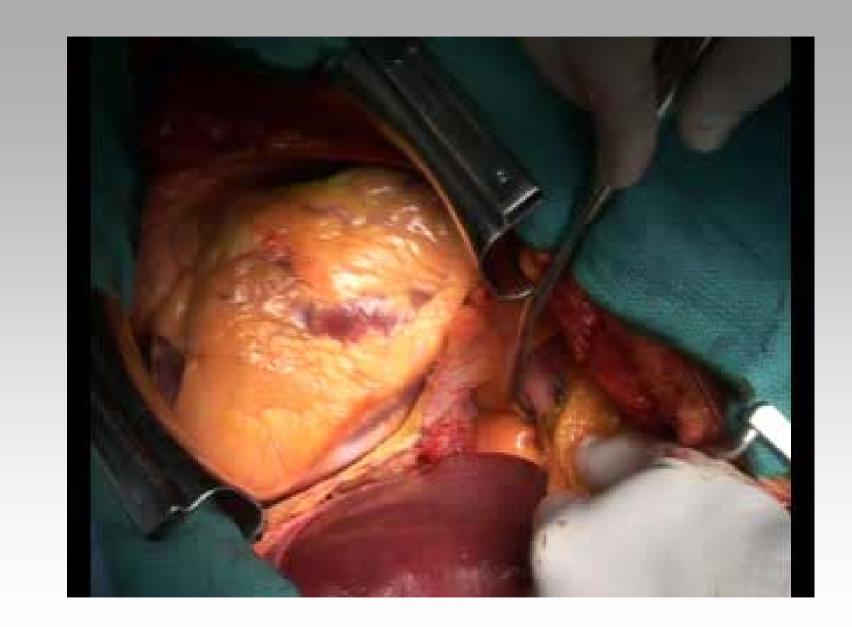
1/ Visceral & renal arteries re-routine 2/ Stentgraft implantation



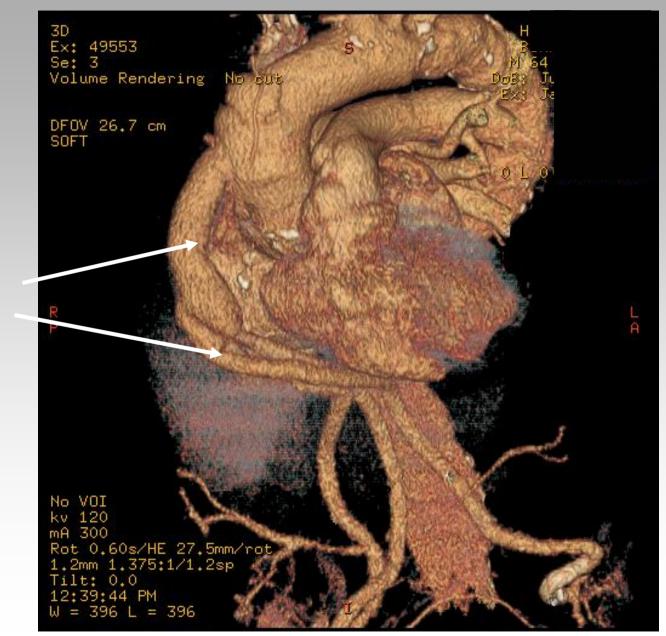
Per operative view



Bypasses to renal & visceral arteries



Post-operative CT Scan



Bypasses to renal & visceral arteries

Summary

Limited experience until now : 4 patients no death 1 transcient lung failure (obese patient, CPOD)

Hybrid surgery for TAAA is promising but current access through extensive laparotomy is associated with high rate of morbidity and mortality

Anterograde revascularisation from the ascending aorta offers a less invasive approach and a better inflow to visceral arteries



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Co sertic dissections require specific Endografis?

Yes

Acros dissections present stant graft companies the most diverse set of product configurations in EVAR today!

Max Amor Partice Bergeron Luigi Inglese Nicolas Mangialardi Klaus Mathias Dieter Raithel

Nick Sheshire

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